STORAGE DEVELOPER CONFERENCE



Virtual Conference September 28-29, 2021

Ransomware

Detection, Mitigation, and Recovery

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A SNIA, Event

Agenda : Plan of Attack



Patch and Harden your Infrastructure



Baseline and Ongoing Monitor



Anomaly Analysis



Isolation of the Infected, determine start of infection



Recovery to known Good Dataset, RRPO (Ransomware Recovery Point Objective)



Harden your Servers and Infrastructure

 Nothing in this presentation eliminates (or lessens) you need for existing controls and hardening;

- Continue to implement RBAC and Least-Privilege Access
- Continue to implement IDS, Firewalls, ACLs, AAA, etc.
- Ensure that Clients and Servers are accepting all security updates/patches
- Eliminate older Client and Server OS Support, natively less secure
- Ensure that Anti-virus and Malware detection is up to date
- Implement Audits and File Screens where possible

Follow NIST recommendations & CISSP best practices

https://www.nist.gov/system/files/documents/2021/01/13/Getting-Started-NIST-Privacy-Framework-Guide.pdf



Example of how to setup a File Screen

	Create File Screen
	File Screen Properties on C:\Test
	File Screen Properties on C:\
Γ	Copy properties from template (optional):
	Block Audio and Video Files V Cop
	Settings E-mail Message Event Log Command Report
	Send e-mail to the following administrators:
	[Admin Email]
	Format: account@domain. Use semicolons to separate accounts.
	A Send a mail to the uper who attempted to eave an uppy therized file
	Type the text to use for the Subject line and message.
	Subject:
	Unauthorized file from the [Violated File Group] file group det
	Message body:
	User [Source to Owner] attempted to save [Source File Path] to [File Screen Path] on
	the [Server] server. This file is in the [Violated File Group] file group, which is not
	permitted on the server.
	l L
	Select variable to insert:
	[Admin Email] V Insert Variable
	OK Cancel

	Create File Screen Template
Сор	py properties from template (optional):
Blog	ck Audio and Video Files V Copy
Se	ettings E-mail Message Event Log Command Report
~	Run this <u>c</u> ommand or script:
	C:\Windows\System32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\powershell.@
	Command settings
	Command arguments:
	-Command "& {C:\kickuser.ps1 -usemame "[Source Io Owner]]}"
	Specify the directory to run the command in:
	Working directory
, , , , , ,	"*.ccc","*.vvv","*.xxx","*.ttt","*.micro","*.encrypted","*.OMG!","*.locked","*.crypto","_crypt", "*.crinf","*.r5a","*.xrtn","*.XTBL","*.crypt","*.R16MO1D05","*.pzdc","*.good","*.LOL!","*.RDM","*.HA "*.encryptedRSA","*.crjoker","*.EnCiPhErEd","*.LeChiffre","*.keybtc@inbox_com","*.OxO","*.RK", "*.bleep","*.1999","*.vault","*.magic","*.SUPERCRYPT","*.CTBL","*.CTB2","*.locky","HELPDECRYPT.TXT", "HELP_YOUR_FILES.TXT","HELP_TO_DECRYPT_YOUR_FILES.txt","RECOVERY_KEY.txt","HELP_RESTORE_FILES.txt", "HELP_RECOVER_FILES.txt","HELP_TO_SAVE_FILES.txt","Recovery_KEY.txt","DECRYPT_INSTRUCTIONS.TXT",
	"INSIRUUUIUNES_DESUIFRADU.IXI","HOW_IO_RECOVER_FILES.TXT","YUUR_FILES.HIML","YUUR_FILES.url", "Wala Deseyat tyt" "DECOVDI INSIDUCIION IXI" "WOW IO DECOVDI FILES IXI" "DeedDeseyatEilesWees tyt"
,	"Coin.Locker.txt", "_secret_code.txt", "About_Files.txt", "DECRYPT_ReadMe.TXT", "DecryptAllFiles.txt", "FILESAREGONE.TXT", "IAMREADYTOPAY.TXT", "HELLOTHERE.TXT", "READTHISNOW!!!_TXT", "SECRETIDHERE.KEY", "IHAVEYOURSECRET.KEY", "SECRET.KEY", "HELPDECYPRT_YOUR_FILES.HTML", "help_decrypt_your_files.html",
1	"HELP_TO_SAVE_FILES.txt","RECOVERY_FILES.txt","RECOVERY_FILE.TXT","RECOVERY_FILE*.txt",
,	"HowtoRESIURE_FILES.txt","HowtoRestore_FILES.txt","howto_recover_file.txt","restorefiles.txt", "beweenewees" tyt" " bew encourse tyt" "encourse file" tyt" "encourse file" tyt" "encourse file" tyt"
_ ,	"Howto Restore FILES.IXI"."help_recover_instructions+*.txt"."_Locky_recover_instructions_txt")
	,



Start Ongoing Monitoring

Monitoring should include the following metrics

- File System Free Space Data Set Growth Rate
- Compression & Deduplication & Thin Provisioning Rate
- Read/Write Ratio
- Performance (IO/s & MB/s)
- Array Based Snapshot Size

Baseline and Monitoring Metrics specifics

- Should have granularity of hourly for each counter
- Should have a history of up to a year or more



What Constitutes an Anomaly

The following are all symptoms of an infection

- The Ratio of Read/Write will shift dramatically towards 50:50%
- The File System Free Space will not change to match the significant increase in write traffic (indicating massive overwrites instead of new files)
- The Compression/Deduplication rate of the new data will dramatically approach 0% savings
- The Performance of the file system will increase significantly, and regular patterns which include 'quieter' times will be lost.

Common additional Actions of Ransomware

- Disables VSS (Volume Shadow Services) based Snapshots and deletes existing snapshots
- Disables classic backup software (agents) that lives on host.
- Disables local auditing or metrics when possible.
- Ransomware commonly drops instruction files for the victim on the file system as well.



Isolate and Determine start of infection

- This deck and presentation is far too short to discuss the process used to cleanse the infected machine.
 - This may include a fresh OS installation, resetting many Domain Credentials, disabling local accounts and investigating other machines in periphery also infected.
 - BUT..... You can easily disconnect the Data Volumes from an infected machine, and revert them back to the most recent backup before the infection encrypted the dataset.
 - You will need granular long-lived snapshots. Using the size of these snapshots can also help determine the start-of-infection date to guide your restoration.



Examples of these metrics

Throughput

Time Range: 09/07/2019 10:36 AM PDT to 01/05/2020 12:00 AM PST								PS C:\Script\DriveSpaceRecorder> Get-NSsnapshot -vol_name DS9CSV format-table vol_name, snap_collection_name,new_data_compressed_bytes				
Usage	Usage 🕄								DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV	2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-12-09::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-12-06::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-12-05::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-12-03::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-12-03::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-12-03::14:00:00.000	41454361 41425343 52235434 42002343 41453243 53423411	
3.6 TiB									DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV	2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-11-27::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-11-26::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-11-07::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-11-06::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-11-05::14:00:00.000		33454361 41232434 34325321 3432431 32325343
1.8 TiB									DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV	2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-11-04::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-11-01::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-31::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-30::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-29::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-29::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-28::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-28::14:00:00.000		53664343 34346633 32325453 35547723 355236233 23423453 242453
0.0 TiB	8. Sep	15. Sep	22. Sep	29. Sep	6. Oct	13. Oct	20. Oct	27. Oct	DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV	2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-22::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-22::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-22::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-22::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-21::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-20::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-20::14:00:00.000		343451225 322431125 23214456 75876556 34235342 234312 12440
									DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV DS9CSV	2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-18::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-17::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-16::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-15::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-13::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-13::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-13::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-12::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-11::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-11::14:00:00.000 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-11::14:00:00.000		1433 3433432 51234 1212 12123 34564564 342 32141 3414

DS9CSV 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-09::14:00:00.000

DS9CSV 2016-FileServices1-MasterSnapshot-EveryDay-2019-10-08::14:00:00.000



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Where and How this works

- This Method works without the need for the Storage Device to crack and monitor the file system directly.
 - This means it works for File Services, and works on locked or unavailable files,
 - It also works for Virtual Machines hosted on VHDs, VMDKs, VMFS

This Method however does not work in two very specific use cases

- When data is written from the host pre-encrypted such as using host based full disk encryption such as Bit-locker
 - The benefits of Thin Provisioning, Compression, and Deduplication are also lost.
 - For At-Rest Encryption, the storage device itself should provide this functionality
- When the dataset to be protected already mimics the near-zero compression or deduplication rate, and the workload already matches the target 50:50 read/write ratio



Vendor Considerations : Customer Benefits

Phone Home Type Support should include performance Metrics

- Should include a historic perspective and modeling
- Array should support space savings features; Thin, Compress, Dedupe
 - These should default on, and effects should be included in metrics
- Array Should support snapshots that are both granular & long life,
 - Expectation; minimum daily snapshots, and lifetime should exceed 3-6 months
- Array should support at-rest encryption;
 - Cant fault OS for host-based at-rest encryption if you don't offer same protection





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